

1. Capitalism is “an economic system that is based on private ownership of the means of production and the creation of goods or services for profit based on the needs of a competitive market.”

2. First a little background about what the Bible teaches about economic systems. For maximum prosperity the principles found in the Mosaic Law, where possible, should be implemented.

1Ti 1:8 We know that the law is good if one uses it properly.

1Ti 1:9 We also know that law is made not for the righteous but for lawbreakers and rebels, the ungodly and sinful, the unholy and irreligious; for those who kill their fathers or mothers, for murderers,

1Ti:10 for adulterers and perverts, for slave traders and liars and perjurers -- and for whatever else is contrary to the sound doctrine.

2.1 Maximum freedom for the individual is God's optimum. In our body of theology we call freedom our first divine institution--volition. The right of private property and protection of property rights is repeatedly established in Scripture.

Exo 20:15 "You shall not steal.

Exo 20:17 "You shall not covet your neighbor's house. You shall not covet your neighbor's wife, or his manservant or maidservant, his ox or donkey, or anything that belongs to your neighbor.

Exo 22:2 "If a thief is caught breaking in and is struck so that he dies, the defender is not guilty of bloodshed.

2.2 Free enterprise is God's plan for His client nations. A capitalistic system will produce excess and make for maximum resources for charity.

3. Scripture provides insight into what causes poverty. In these verses you will find numerous uses of the English word "sluggard" or "slothful"; this is **Atsel** in the Hebrew and means idle, habitually lazy, lethargic, lean or indolent. Scripture indicates a failure to work results in a failure to provide for ones future.

Pro 6:6 Go to the ant, you sluggard; consider its ways and be wise!

Pro 6:7 It has no commander, no overseer or ruler,

Pro 6:8 yet it stores its provisions in summer and gathers its food at harvest.

Pro 6:9 How long will you lie there, you sluggard? When will you get up from your sleep?

Pro 6:10 A little sleep, a little slumber, a little folding of the hands to rest--

Pro 6:11 and poverty will come on you like a bandit and scarcity like an armed man.

Pro 10:4 Lazy hands make a man poor, but diligent hands bring wealth.
Pro 10:5 He who gathers crops in summer is a wise son, but he who sleeps during harvest is a disgraceful son.

Pro 13:4 The sluggard craves and gets nothing, but the desires of the diligent are fully satisfied.

Pro 19:15 Laziness brings on deep sleep, and the shiftless man goes hungry.

3.1 Wickedness or evil we call “reversionism.” Reversionism is the product of a refusal to apply the protocol of God. As a general rule God makes it tough on people negative toward His Word.

Pro 10:3 The LORD does not let the righteous go hungry but he thwarts the craving of the wicked.

Pro 28:20 A faithful man will be richly blessed, but one eager to get rich will not go unpunished.

3.2 A drunkard or glutton will experience poverty.

Pro 23:20 Do not join those who drink too much wine or gorge themselves on meat,
Pro 23:21 for drunkards and gluttons become poor, and drowsiness clothes them in rags.

3.3 Being industrious is a means of avoiding poverty. Foolish people pursuing impractical fantasies also make for poverty.

Pro 28:19 He who works his land will have abundant food, but the one who chases fantasies will have his fill of poverty.

3.4 A slothful man is lazy and as a result often poor.

Pro 19:24 The sluggard buries his hand in the dish; he will not even bring it back to his mouth!

3.5 This would seem to be a good description of many of those who are on our welfare rolls today.

3.6 The indolent (in the Old Testament economy) were often lazy and, as a result they quite frequently ended up as slaves.

Pro 12:24 Diligent hands will rule, but laziness ends in slave labor.

3.7 The habitually lazy are very often wasteful.

Pro 12:27 The lazy man does not roast his game, but the diligent man prizes his possessions.

3.8 There is a great difference between the life of the habitually lazy man and the life of the energetic man.

Pro 15:19 The way of the sluggard is blocked with thorns, but the path of the upright is a highway.

3.9 The slothful person will suffer hunger.

Pro 19:15 Laziness brings on deep sleep, and the shiftless man goes hungry.

3.10 The person who seeks a fast profit often finds poverty. The same is true for the miser.

Pro 28:22 A stingy man is eager to get rich and is unaware that poverty awaits him.

2Co 9:6 Remember this: Whoever sows sparingly will also reap sparingly, and whoever sows generously will also reap generously.

4. No matter how hard we try to eliminate poverty, these efforts will prove futile; the poor will always be with us.

Mat 26:11 "The poor you will always have with you, but you will not always have Me."

In the July 27, 1998, issue of Newsweek there appeared an article entitled *The Faces of Famine* which describes the world and its dilemma of pervasive poverty. I will quote it in part:

"Here we go again. Skeletal starving Africans are back in the news, this time from Sudan (a communist country at war with itself). If you are moved - and you'd have to be heartless not to be - operators are standing by to take your check ...

If you have any doubts that your contributions will really help, the charities will assure you that food will reach these victims quickly and save their lives, at least until the next famine ... Now you can change the channel with the warm feeling that you have done what you can to fight hunger. I too feel like reaching for my checkbook when I see the photographs. But I know better. After spending nearly 20 years in Africa as an aid worker and journalist, I know that fighting hunger is anything but simple. And I have learned that any donation I might make may in fact insure that next year I will see fresh photographs of starving people ..."

4.1 This does not mean that we should refuse to perform what God commands with reference to assisting those less fortunate.

5. As we will see later, God does provide certain mandates for assistance.

Deu 15:11 There will always be poor people in the land. Therefore I command you to be open handed toward your brothers and toward the poor and needy in your land.

5.1 Jesus' prediction of pervasive and everlasting poverty was part of a rebuke to the world's greatest liberal - Judas Iscariot.

Joh 12:4 But one of his disciples, Judas Iscariot, who was later to betray him, objected,
Joh 12:5 "Why wasn't this perfume sold and the money given to the poor? It was worth a year's wages."

Joh 12:6 He did not say this because he cared about the poor but because he was a thief; as keeper of the money bag, he used to help himself to what was put into it.

5.2 Judas, like many "do-gooders," loved the masses but hated the individual. Judas, like so many "do-gooders," knew better what should be done with your money.

6. It is the Lord who makes the poor and the rich; therefore, it is He who can eradicate poverty as well as bestow affluence.

1Sa 2:7 The LORD sends poverty and wealth; he humbles and he exalts.

Psa 75:7 But it is God who judges: He brings one down, he exalts another.

7. Charity for the truly destitute is a bona fide function for the establishment.

Pro 29:14 If a king judges the poor with fairness, his throne will always be secure.

Exo 23:11 but during the seventh year let the land lie unplowed and unused. Then the poor among your people may get food from it, and the wild animals may eat what they leave. Do the same with your vineyard and your olive grove.

7.1 Every third year a tithe designated for the Levite priests and the poor of the land was paid to the treasury.

Deu 14:28 At the end of every three years, bring all the tithes of that year's produce and store it in your towns,
Deu 14:29 so that the Levites (who have no allotment or inheritance of their own) and the aliens, the fatherless and the widows who live in your towns may come and eat and be satisfied, and so that the LORD your God may bless you in all the work of your hands.

7.2 There is no authorization in Scripture for assisting the poor in other lands; internationalism is always evil. There is one exception.

7.3 We are to evangelize the entire world. However, each national entity is responsible for what occurs within its national boundaries.

7.4 Nationalism is one of the divine institutions; it is Satan who weakens the nations.

Isa 14:12 How you have fallen from heaven, O morning star, son of the dawn! You have been cast down to the earth, you who once laid low the nations!

8. There is a special blessing for those who help the poor.

Pro 22:9 A generous man will himself be blessed, for he shares his food with the poor.

Psa 41:1 Blessed is he who has regard for the weak; the LORD delivers him in times of trouble.

Psa 41:2 The LORD will protect him and preserve his life; he will bless him in the land and not surrender him to the desire of his foes.

9. There is not only an establishment responsibility to assist the destitute but individual citizens are also to assist those in need. There is a special discipline for those who ignore the needs of the poor.

Pro 21:13 If a man shuts his ears to the cry of the poor, he too will cry out and not be answered.

10. The poor are fortunate, in one sense, for they avoid superficial friendships which come from having wealth.

Pro 19:4 Wealth brings many friends, but a poor man's friend desert him.

11. The poor are often a target for hypocrisy. The poor should [in the local church] have the same spiritual privileges as the wealthy.

Jam 2:1 My brothers, as believers in our glorious Lord Jesus Christ, don't show favoritism.

Jam 2:2 Suppose a man comes into your meeting wearing a gold ring and fine clothes, and a poor man in shabby clothes also comes in.

Jam 2:3 If you show special attention to the man wearing fine clothes and say, "Here's a good seat for you," but say to the poor man, "You stand there" or "Sit on the floor by my feet,"

Jam 2:4 have you not discriminated among yourselves and become judges with evil thoughts?

12. The Lord taught His disciples the importance of paying taxes. We are to render unto Caesar that which is Caesar's, and we are to never think about revolution or disobeying authority. Thomas Jefferson was flat wrong when he said, and I shall paraphrase, "citizens need to be armed in order to remove those who refuse to leave office." Vote them out, yes, carry them out, no.

Mat 22:17 Tell us therefore, What thinkest thou? Is it lawful to give tribute unto Caesar, or not?

Mat 22:18 But Jesus perceived their wickedness, and said, Why tempt ye me, ye hypocrites?

Mat 22:19 Shew me the tribute money. And they brought unto him a penny.
Mat 22:20 And he saith unto them, Whose is this image and superscription?
Mat 22:21 They say unto him, Caesar's. Then saith he unto them, Render therefore unto Caesar the things which are Caesar's; and unto God the things that are God's.
Mat 22:22 When they had heard these words, they marvelled, and left him, and went their way.

13. Even when government exceeds its authority and eschews establishment principles, we are to heed their mandates. For example, if the government steals from the rich by requiring more than a ten percent across-the-board income tax and foolishly throws money at every problem, including the eradication of the world's poverty, we are to react with faithful submission.

14. The epistles seem to demand that each local church address poverty; it is, however, a matter uniquely the province of individuals within a local church. For example, benevolent funds are to be established within each local church to care for their indigent.

1Ti 5:3 Give proper recognition to those widows who are really in need.
1Ti 5:4 But if a widow has children or grandchildren, these should learn first of all to put their religion into practice by caring for their own family and so repaying their parents and grandparents, for this is pleasing to God.

14.1 It should be noted that all of the assistance is based on a free-will offering without pressure.

15. Never do we find instruction to help those who can and will not work; in fact, quite the contrary, there is an admonition not to help those who refuse to work.

2Th 3:11 We hear that some among you are idle. They are not busy; they are busybodies.
2Th 3:12 Such people we command and urge in the Lord Jesus Christ to settle down and earn the bread they eat.

15.1 Let's look at a "problem passage" and apply what we have learned.

Acts 4:32 All the believers were one in heart and mind. No one claimed that any of his possessions was his own, but they shared everything they had.

15.2 There are those who teach this passage authorizes Socialism, Communism Liberalism as the Christian's paradigm.

15.3 Nothing could be further from the truth in the light of a categorical study.

15.4 The ultimate welfare state cannot tolerate private property. As earlier noted in Exo 20:15, 17 and 22, the Bible very clearly establishes the right of its citizens to own private property. Socialism and Communism in its purest form eliminate private property.

Exo 20:15 "You shall not steal."

Exo 20:17 "You shall not covet your neighbor's house. You shall not covet your neighbor's wife, or his manservant or maidservant, his ox or donkey, or anything that belongs to your neighbor.

Exo 22:2 "If a thief is caught breaking in and is struck so that he dies, the defender is not guilty of bloodshed;

15.5 The problem passage is a clear display of Christian charity and does not imply state control. For the misguided, I would simply ask, where is the state mentioned in the following passages.

Acts 4:32 All the believers were one in heart and mind. No one claimed that any of his possessions was his own, but they shared everything they had.

Acts 4:33 With great power the apostles continued to testify to the resurrection of the Lord Jesus, and much grace was upon them all.

Acts 4:34 There were no needy persons among them. For from time to time those who owned lands or houses sold them, brought the money from the sales

Acts 4:35 and put it at the apostles' feet, and it was distributed to anyone as he had need.

15.5.1 Clearly, God's protocol both in the Old Testament and New Testament urge its citizens to protect property rights.

Mat 12:29 "Or again, how can anyone enter a strong man's house and carry off his possessions unless he first ties up the strong man? Then he can rob his house."

15.6 The welfare state is often based on class hatred and a desire to transfer wealth from the rich to the poor by means of government force. God is not an egalitarian. Heaven will not be a place of equality.

Jer 31:31 "The time is coming," declares the LORD, "when I will make a new covenant with the house of Israel and with the house of Judah.

Jer 31:32 It will not be like the covenant I made with their forefathers when I took them by the hand to lead them out of Egypt, because they broke my covenant, though I was a husband to them," declares the LORD.

Jer 31:33 "This is the covenant I will make with the house of Israel after that time," declares the LORD. "I will put my law in their minds and write it on their hearts. I will be their God, and they will be my people.

Jer 31:34 No longer will a man teach his neighbor, or a man his brother, saying, 'Know the LORD,' because they will all know me, from the least of them to the greatest," declares the LORD. "For I will forgive their wickedness and will remember their sins no more."

Heb 8:10 This is the covenant I will make with the house of Israel after that time, declares the Lord. I will put my laws in their minds and write them on their hearts. I will be their God, and they will be my people.

Heb 8:11 No longer will a man teach his neighbor, or a man his brother, saying, 'Know the Lord,' because they will all know me, from the least of them to the greatest.
Heb 8:12 For I will forgive their wickedness and will remember their sins no more."

15.7 Such community of goods as set forth in our "problem passage" was not compulsory but voluntary; it was a way for the Christian to eliminate special needs--an act of voluntary sharing.

15.8 Keep in mind that Jerusalem was overflowing with many Jewish people and Gentile converts coming from all over the world to worship during Passover and those feasts immediately following the Passover.

15.9 Many of these people had extended their stay beyond original plans and were in special financial need as they anxiously awaited the imminent return of their Messiah.

15.10 The manifest needs of many precipitated a voluntary sharing in a time of great financial disparity.

15.11 This occasion recorded for us in Scripture is a beautiful display of oneness and caring among believers. It must be observed this sharing was voluntary on the part of each believer.

Acts 4:32 All the believers were one in heart and mind. No one claimed that any of his possessions was his own, but they shared everything they had.

15.12 All of the sharers were anticipating the Messiah's kingdom, when as our Lord said repeatedly, "there will be no need for material things."

15.13 They were misguided in their assumption that their Messiah with His promised earthly Kingdom, would soon return for Israel. After reviewing Peter's first and second sermons, it is clear these early church disciples had not learned of the Church Age and its insertion between the First and Second Advents of Jesus. The Church Age intercalation was not anticipated.

15.14 This was a time of great persecution and great need. This act of sharing was restricted to the Jerusalem church and we find no further application in the epistles.

16. Capitalism is taught in both the Old and New Testament and big government is never prescribed.

17. Now let's take a look at the nation's latest nonsense.

Balderdash

1. We face a near and present danger today. Many of our citizens, particularly our young people, have lost their minds. They are today being led by what I have chosen to call the religion of "Balderdash."

2. A new movement has replaced common sense. A movement more subtle than its predecessor, creeping communism, and that movement goes under various names. It is subtle and seemingly innocuous but that's what makes it so dangerous.

3. It is called international environmentalism. I don't want to dwell too long here but listen to what a great but confused American has written about man and his relationship with the trees of this world.

"Most of the species unique to the rain forests are in imminent danger, partly because there is no one to speak up for them ... The Pacific yew can be cut down and processed to produce ...taxol (a raw material for a cancer fighting drug) ...

It seems an easy choice - sacrifice the tree for a human life - until one learns that three trees must be destroyed for each patient treated ... Suddenly we must confront some tough questions. How important are the medical needs of future generations? Are those of us alive today entitled to cut down all of these trees to extend the lives of a few of us, even if it means that this unique form of life will disappear forever,..." End of Quote from Al Gore's book *Earth In The Balance*.

4. It is my belief that world temperatures have been rising since Greenland ceased to be green and the Vikings decided to sail south; however, the notion that man has anything to do with the phenomena is balderdash.

5. Our local TV meteorologists talk about "hotter than normal" or "another record at Camp Mabry" and then the thinking Austinite notices that 1937 was hotter. In 1937 Austin had a population of less than 19,000 and very little business activity as compared to 2017. Yet man is said to be the culprit and man must put the brakes on prosperity and go live in the desert and eat cactus in some secluded cave. Please excuse the hyperbole.

6. Another weird idea making the rounds today is the apotheosis of diversity; even to the point of injuring the very people we are trying to help. Not only do we not help them by not demanding they acculturate but we provide them with excuses for their failures; this is the cruelest of sympathies. Statistical imbalances are seen today as evidence of discrimination even when reality would seem to prove otherwise. Minorities are taught that they fail, not because of reasons for which they may be responsible but rather they are taught their failure is the system which is loaded with prejudice warring against their success.

7. Politics rather than hard work are seen as the answer to the dilemma. The prophecy of Lord Macaulay on May 23, 1857 has come home to roost. "A democracy cannot survive long as a permanent form of government. It can last only until its citizens discover that they can vote themselves largess from the public treasury."

8. To think that short people are not in the NBA because of discrimination is thought by most to be absurd and we can all laugh about it. Thomas Sowell, a tall, brilliant "African American", and Senior Fellow at the Hoover Institute Stanford University has written:

"Americans wouldn't tolerate inferior basketball on television just to accommodate short white people. To think that short white people not being in the NBA in proportion to their number in the general population is because of discrimination is laughable and rightly so. And yet when applied to fields of study, jobs, test scores etc. many jump to the conclusion that skewed statistical representation spells discrimination."

9. If all this sounds ludicrous, we must face the indisputable fact that government agencies have been borne and continue to exist today based on such ill thought logic. There are thousands of lawyers, judges, administrative clerks and politicians who owe their livelihood to such balderdash.

10. Though it is balderdash to the thinking man, many people including our lawmakers take it quite seriously as the long arm of government reaches deep into the operation of family, school, business and military organizations.

11. Just think of the impact on our military when physical fitness requirements are dumbed down in order to accommodate same sex fitness tests.

12. The next thing you know we will all be going to the same rest rooms. And so the world turns: let us pray.

End Lesson Taught 5-7-2017

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